

Sacrament of Matrimony Questions and Answers

True or False

- A Christian marriage is a marriage between baptized persons. (True)
- Marriage vows bind a man and woman to love and be faithful to each other until death. (True)
- The visible sign (but NOT essential) of love and faithfulness in marriage are rings. (True)
- Children are the greatest natural gift God gives to married couples. (True)
- Only the Catholic Church has the authority to make regulations about the Sacrament of Matrimony. (True)
- Indissolubility means that the marriage can be ended by any human authority. (False)
- Adam and Eve were the first husband and wife. (True)
- The laws of the Church require a Catholic to be married in the presence of a bishop, priest, or deacon and before one witness. (False)
- The Church teaches that every true marriage must have two properties: unity and indissolubility. (True)
- Both parties must be baptized before receiving the Sacrament of Matrimony. (True)
- The marriage bond can be broken. (False)
- Married people must learn to love selfishly and not bring children into the world. (False)
- Only the Catholic Church has the authority to make regulations about the Sacrament of Matrimony. (True)
- Unity means that a man is married to only one woman as long as she is alive. (True)
- Indissolubility means that the marriage can be ended by any human authority. (False)
- Indissolubility means that the marriage cannot be ended by any human authority. (True)
- It was at the Wedding Feast at Cana that Jesus raised marriage to the dignity of a Sacrament. (True)
- Married people do not have to remain faithful to each other when apart. (False)
- The virtue Catholics need especially in preparing for marriage is humility. (False)
- The Sacrament of Matrimony is a bonding between a man and a woman. (True)

Fill in the Blank

- The Sacrament uniting a man and a woman in marriage is called _____. (Matrimony)
- The purpose of marriage is to bring _____ into the world. (children)
- It was at the Wedding Feast at _____ that Jesus raised marriage to the dignity of a Sacrament. (Cana)
- Matrimony is the Sacrament by which a baptized man and a baptized woman bind themselves for _____. (life)
- A husband and wife must provide in every way for the welfare of the _____. God may give them. (children)
- The Sacrament of Matrimony lasts until the _____ of the husband or wife. (death)
- The chief obligations of married people are to be _____ to each other and to care for their children. (faithful)
- Laws concerning the Sacraments can be made only by _____. (God)
- The virtue Catholics need especially in preparing for marriage is _____. (chastity)
- Marriage was raised to the dignity of a Sacrament by _____. (Jesus)
- Laws made by the State concerning the marriages of Catholics are just laws if they concern the _____ effects of marriage only. (civil)
- A chief duty of husband and wife in the married state is to be _____ to each other. (faithful)
- Another chief duty of husband and wife is to provide in every way for the welfare of the _____ God may give them. (children)
- Jesus said, "What therefore God has _____ together, let no man put asunder." (joined)
- The Catechism says that _____ are the supreme gift in marriage. (children)
- Husband and wife are expected to remain faithful to one another in good times and in _____ times. (bad)
- True love is willing to do things for other people without _____ for anything in return. (asking)
- Jesus raised every marriage between baptized Christians to the level of a _____. (Sacrament)
- Catholics can best obtain God's blessing for their marriage by being married at a _____ Mass. (Nuptial)

_____ means that the marriage cannot be ended by any human authority. (Indissolubility)

Multiple Choice

In Christian marriage, husbands should love their wives as Christ loves: (a) sinners

(b) the souls in purgatory (c) the Church (d) His Father **C**

Marriage lasts: (a) until there is a divorce (b) until the partners separate (c) until death (d) forever **C**

The power to dissolve a marriage belongs to: (a) the state (b) the supreme court (c) the Pope (d) God alone **D**

A civil divorce: (a) does nothing to (b) breaks (c) stretches (d) tightens
the marriage bond. **A**

A Catholic married by a justice of the peace is: (a) illegally married (b) not married at all (c) sinfully married
(d) temporarily married **B**

To receive the Sacrament of Matrimony worthily it is necessary to be in the state of _____. (a) unity
(b) grace (c) faithfulness **B**

Catholics can best obtain God's blessing for their marriage by being married at a _____. (a) court house (b)
Nuptial Mass (c) house by a notary **B**

The laws of the Church require a Catholic to be married in the presence of ____ witness(es). (a) one (b) two
(c) three **B**

The laws of the Church require a Catholic to be married by a _____. (a) bishop (b) priest (c) deacon (d)
justice of the peace **A B C**

Which group of words applies to the Sacrament of Matrimony? (a) First sacrament of initiation, New life of
grace, Church membership (b) repentance, forgiveness, absolution (c) faithfulness, having children, until
death do us part **C**

Can a Christian man and woman be united in lawful marriage in any other way than by the Sacrament of
Matrimony? (a) No (b) Yes (c) Only under certain conditions. **A**

A Christian man and woman cannot be united in lawful marriage in any other way than by the Sacrament of
Matrimony because (a) it must be blessed (b) it must be in a church (c) Christ raise marriage to the dignity
of a Sacrament **C**

Does the Church forbid the marriage of Catholics with persons who have a different religion or no religion at
all? (a) No (b) Yes (c) Only under certain conditions. **B**

The Church forbids the marriage of Catholics with persons who have a different religion or no religion because
(a) such marriages generally lead to indifference (b) loss of faith (c) the neglect of the religious education of
the children (d) Only b and c (e) a b and c **E**

Many marriages prove to be _____ because they are entered into hastily and without worthy motives. (a) happy
(b) unhappy (c) boring **B**

When a man asked a woman to marry him, it is called a(n) (a) request (b) demand (c) ultimatum (d) proposal
D

The promises that the bride and groom make to each other during the ceremony. Some of these promises could
be to love each other "until death do us part" and to love "for richer or poorer, for better or worse, in sickness
and in good health". (a) wedding vows (b) betrothal (c) commitment rite **A**

Divorce is permissible in the Catholic Church. (a) yes (b) no (c) Only under certain conditions.

Even if one of them is Catholic, marriages before a justice of the peace (a) is legal according to the Catholic
Church (b) is no marriage (c) okay under certain conditions **B**

Getting married by the justice of the peace is called a (a) civil marriage (b) common law marriage (c) shot gun
marriage **A**

Puzzles:

Unscramble these letters:

N G I R S (RINGS)

V L O E (LOVE)
D C I R E L N H (CHILDREN)
T M N O A Y I R M (MATRIMONY)
A M T S C N E R A (SACRAMENT)
T F U I A H F L (FAITHFUL)
O V W S (VOWS)
I S K S (KISS)
R E B D I (BRIDE)
O G M O R (GROOM)
R T M H O E (MOTHER)
T R F H A E (FATHER)
S E P I R T (PRIEST)
S N E W T I S (WITNESS)
N A C D E O (DEACON)
P S I H B O (BISHOP)
F W E I (WIFE)
S B H U N A D (HUSBAND)
H C R U H C (CHURCH)
D W N E G D I (WEDDING)

Unscramble these words:

death until part us do (until death do us part)

better for or worse for (for better or for worse)

poorer for richer for (for richer for poorer)

forward this day from (from this day forward)

have to hold and to (to have and to hold)

health in and sickness in (in sickness and in health)

love to and cherish to (to love and to cherish)

me after repeat (repeat after me)

woman do you take wife be this your wedded lawfully to (do you take this woman to be your lawfully wedded wife)

ring I wed with thee this (with this ring I thee wed)