CHAPTER 23: POLITICAL PARALYSIS IN THE GILDED AGE

The “Bloody Shirt” Elects Grant
1. Was General Grant good presidential material? Why did he win?

The Era of Good Stealings
2. ”The Man in the Moon...had to hold his nose when passing over America.” Explain.

A Carnival of Corruption
3. Describe two major scandals that directly involved the Grant administration.

The Liberal Republican Revolt of 1872
4. Why did Liberal Republicans nominate Horace Greeley for the presidency in 1872? Why was he a less than ideal candidate?

Depression and Demands for Inflation
5. Why did some people want greenbacks and silver dollars? Why did others oppose these kinds of currency?

Pallid Politics in the Gilded Age
6. Why was there such fierce competition between Democrats and Republicans in the Gilded Age if the parties agreed on most economic issues?

The Hayes-Tilden Standoff, 1876
7. Why were the results of the 1876 election in doubt?
The Compromise of 1877 and the End of Reconstruction
8. How did the end of Reconstruction affect African-Americans?

The Birth of Jim Crow in the Post-Reconstruction South
9. Analyze the data in the lynching chart on page 513.

Class Conflicts and Ethnic Clashes
10. What was the significance of the Great Railroad Strike of 1877?

Garfield and Arthur
11. What new type of corruption resulted from the Pendleton Act?

Makers of America: The Chinese
12. Why did most Chinese immigrants come to America?

The Blaine-Cleveland Mudslingers of 1884
Romanism and Rebellion
13. Explain how character played a part in the presidential election of 1884.

“Old Grover” Takes Over
14. Assess the following statement: “As president, Grover Cleveland governed as his previous record as governor indicated he would.”

Cleveland Battles for a Lower Tariff
15. What were the reasons behind Cleveland's stance in favor of lower tariffs?
**The Billion Dollar Congress**
16. Explain why the tariff was detrimental to American farmers.

**The Drumbeat of Discontent**
17. What was the most revolutionary aspect of the Populist platform? Defend your answer with evidence.

**Cleveland and Depression**
18. What could Cleveland have done to lessen the impact of the financial turmoil?

**Cleveland Breeds a Backlash**
19. Is the characterization of the Gilded Age presidents as the “forgettable presidents” a fair one? Explain.

**Identify:**
1. Ulysses S. Grant
2. Boss Tweed
3. Graft
4. Credit Mobilier
5. Whiskey Ring
6. Gilded age
7. Stalwarts
8. Halfbreeds
9. Compromise of 1877

10. Plessy v. Ferguson

11. Chinese Exclusion Act

12. Jim Crow Laws

13. Mugwumps

14. James Garfield

15. Chester Arthur

16. Pendleton Act

17. Grover Cleveland

18. Sherman Silver Purchase Act

19. populists
CHAPTER 24: INDUSTRY COMES OF AGE

The Iron Colt Becomes an Iron Horse
1. What were the advantages and disadvantages of government subsidies for the railroads?

Spanning the Continent with Rails
2. Describe how the first transcontinental railroad was built.

Binding the Country with Railroad Ties
3. Explain how the railroads could help or hurt Americans.

Railroad Consolidation and Mechanization
4. What technological improvements helped railroads?

Revolution by Railways
5. What effects did the railroads have on America as a whole?

Wrongdoing in Railroading
6. What wrongdoing were railroads guilty of?

Government Bridles the Iron Horse
7. Was the Interstate Commerce Act an important piece of legislation?

Miracles of Mechanization
8. What factors made industrial expansion possible?

The Trust Titan Emerges
9. How did businesses organize to try to maximize profits?
The Supremacy of Steel
10. Why was steel so important for industrialization?

Carnegie and Other Sultans of Steel
11. Briefly describe the careers of Andrew Carnegie and J.P. Morgan.

Rockefeller Grows an American Beauty Rose
12. How was John D. Rockefeller able to become so wealthy?

The Gospel of Wealth
13. How did the wealthy justify their wealth?

Government Tackles the Trust Evil
14. What two methods were tried by those who opposed the trusts?

The South in the Age of Industry
15. How successful were Southerners at industrializing?

The Impact of the New Industrial Revolution on America
16. Describe the positive and negative effects of the industrial revolution on working Americans.

In Unions There is Strength
17. What conditions existed in America that led Jay Gould to say, "I can hire one half of the working class to kill the other half"?

Labor Limps Along
18. Explain the similarities and differences between the National Labor Union and the Knights of Labor.
**Unhorsing the Knights of Labor**
19. What factors led to the decline of the Knights of Labor?

**The AF of L to the Fore**
20. How was the AFL different from previous unions?

**Makers of America: The Knights of Labor**
21. Were the Knights conservative or revolutionary in their ideas?

**Identify:**
1. Cornelius Vanderbilt
2. Alexander Graham Bell
3. Andrew Carnegie
4. John D. Rockefeller
5. Samuel Gompers
6. Land grant
7. Plutocracy
8. Vertical integration
9. Horizontal integration
10. Grange
11. Bessemer Process
12. Haymarket Riot
13. Trust
CHAPTER 25: AMERICA MOVES TO THE CITY

The Urban Frontier
1. What factors led to the growth of cities in the second half of the 1800's?

The New Immigration
2. How were the new immigrants different from the old immigrants?

Southern Europe Uprooted
3. Why did the new immigrants come to America in such large numbers?

Makers of America: The Italians
4. How did Italian immigrants live their lives in America?

Reactions to the New Immigration
5. How did political bosses help immigrants?

Narrowing the Welcome Mat
6. In 1886, what was ironic about the words inscribed on the base of the Statue of Liberty?

Churches Confront the Urban Challenge
7. What role did religion play in helping the urban poor?

Darwin Disrupts the Churches
8. What effect did the theory of evolution have on Christian churches?

The Lust for Learning
9. What advances took place in education in the years following the Civil War?
10. **Booker T. Washington and Education for Black People**

11. **The Hallowed Halls of Ivy**
   What factors allowed the number of college students to dramatically increase?

12. **The March of the Mind**
   Describe some of the intellectual achievements of the late 1800's.

13. **The Appeal of the Press**
   How did the ability to produce newspapers inexpensively change their content?

14. **Apostles of Reform**
   How did writers in the 1870's and 1880's try to address the problems of their time?

15. **Postwar Writing**
   Did the trends in writing after the Civil War make it a good period for literature? Explain.

16. **Literary Landmarks**
   What did many writers in the late 1800's have in common?

17. **The New Morality**
   What evidence demonstrated a battle raging over sexual morality?

18. **Families and Women in the City**
   What changes were occurring in the women's rights movement?

19. **Prohibition of Alcohol and Social Progress**
   What social causes were women (and many men) involved in the late 1800's?
**Artistic Triumphs**
20. Why is this section titled "artistic triumphs?"

**The Business of Amusement**
21. What forms of recreation became popular from 1870 to 1900?

**Identify**

1. Jane Addams
2. Charles Darwin
3. Booker T. Washington
4. W.E.B. DuBois
5. Horatio Alger
6. Mark Twain
7. Carrie Chatman Catt
8. Florence Kelley
9. Settlement house
10. Pragmatism
11. Yellow journalism
12. Social gospel
13. Hull House
14. Morrill Act
15. Women's Christian Temperance Movement
16. 18th Amendment
CHAPTER 26: THE GREAT WEST AND THE AGRICULTURAL REVOLUTION

The Clash of Cultures on the Plain
1. Describe the effect of westward expansion on Native Americans.

Receding Native Americans
2. How was the West "won?"

Bellowing Herds of Bison
3. How were the Buffalo reduced from 15 million to less than a thousand?

The End of the Trail
4. What did the government do to try to assimilate Native Americans?

Mining: From Dishpan to Ore Breaker
5. How did the discovery of precious metals affect the American West?

Beef Bonanzas and the Long Drive
7. Why was cattle ranching so profitable in the 1870's?

The Farmers' Frontier
8. Did the Homestead Act live up to its purpose of giving small farmers a descent life on the plains?

The Far West Comes of Age
9. What were some milestones in the "closing" of the West?
The Fading Frontier
10. What effects has the frontier had on the development of the United States?

The Farm Becomes a Factory
11. Explain the statement, “The amazing mechanization of agriculture in the postwar years was almost as striking as the mechanization of industry.”

Deflation Dooms the Debtor
12. What problems faced farmers in the closing decades of the 19th century?

Unhappy Farmers
13. How did nature, government, and business all harm farmers?

The Farmers Take Their Stand
14. How did the Grange attempt to help farmers?

Prelude to Populism
15. What steps did the Farmers’ Alliance believe would help farmers?

Coxey’s Army and the Pullman Strike
16. Why did President Cleveland send in federal troops during the Pullman Strike?

Golden McKinley and Sliver Bryan
Know: Mark Hannah, William McKinley, William Jennings Bryan, Cross of Gold speech
17. Was William McKinley a strong presidential candidate? Explain.

Class Conflict: Plowholders versus Bondholders
18. “The free-silver election of 1896 was probably the most significant since Lincoln’s victories in 1860 and 1864.” Explain.
Republican Standpattism Enthroned

19. Did McKinley possess the characteristics necessary to be an effective president?

Identify

1. Sitting Bull

2. George Custer

3. Eugene V. Debs

4. William McKinley

5. William Jennings Bryan

6. Battle of Wounded Knee

7. Dawes Severalty Act

8. Buffalo Soldiers

9. Homestead Act

10. Granger laws

11. Populist Party

12. Pullman Strike

13. Cross of Gold speech

14. Dingley Tariff bill

15. Gold Standard Act